take them to be, fince all solemnly averr that the Publick Good, is their first and chiefest View: If so, I say, it will not be impossible or impracticable to get over it, as shall be de monstrated hereafter.

Having first try'd to find some such Law as may be a real Service to our Country, and then well endeavoured to find out that happy Expedient to reconcile such a Law to each One Interest, Three Things seem absolutely necessary to obtain this End. First, To ascertain a Time for Shipping off ou Fobacco. Secondly, To lessen the Quantity, and mend the Quality of what shall be made in the Province. Thirdly, To

oblige the Freighters to carry their Tobacco to the Ships in which they send it.

The most effectual Way to accomplish these Ends would be, First, For our Legislature to affix a certain Time, before which, and another after which, none shall be Ship'd. Secondly To restrain every Taxable that works in Tobacco rhroughou the Province, to a certain Number of Pounds. Thirdly, T oblige every Freighter not only to rowl or carry his Tobacco to his Landing, there to be Weighed and Stamped by the proper Officer, but likewise to oblige him, after that it done, to carry it to the Ship's Side in which he sends it

the Master to pay him Five Shillings, or some certain Price for every Hogshead so delivered, and to be restrained from fetching any himself, or receiving any without the prope Stamp, under very severe Penalties. A Law of this Nature would be attended with many Ad

vantages, how difficult and surprizing soever it may seema first View. To demonstrate this, Let us consider some the necessary Consequences that will inevitably attend such Law, and the Conveniences and Advantages that will flow from thence; and then, with the lame impartiality, we'

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